

james arthur impossible piano sheet music Study Guide

James Arthur Impossible Piano Sheet Music

If you're a passionate pianist or a dedicated music enthusiast, you've likely come across the soulful ballad "Impossible" by James Arthur. Its heartfelt lyrics combined with a gentle melody make it a popular choice for piano covers and performances. For musicians seeking to recreate this emotional piece, obtaining accurate and well-arranged James Arthur Impossible piano sheet music is essential. This comprehensive guide explores everything you need to know about finding, interpreting, and playing this beautiful song on the piano.

Understanding "Impossible" by James Arthur

Background of the Song

"Impossible" is a powerful ballad originally written and performed by Shontelle in 2010, which gained a new life when James Arthur performed his rendition after winning The X Factor UK in 2012. Arthur's version is renowned for its emotional depth, minimalistic arrangement, and raw vocal delivery, making it a favorite among pianists and singers alike.

Why the Piano Arrangement Matters

A well-crafted piano sheet music captures the song's essence, allowing performers to convey its emotional depth. Whether you're a beginner or an advanced pianist, finding the right arrangement can enhance your performance and deepen your connection to the song.

Where to Find James Arthur Impossible Piano Sheet Music

Official Sheet Music Sources

- Music Publishing Websites: Platforms like Musicnotes, Sheet Music Plus, and Jellynote often feature official arrangements. They provide high-quality, legal copies that are accurate to the original recording.
- James Arthur's Official Website and Social Media: Sometimes, artists release official sheet music or links to authorized arrangements through their official channels.

Online Marketplaces and Communities

- User-Generated Arrangements: Websites like MuseScore and Scribd host user-uploaded sheets, which can vary in quality but may offer free or affordable options.
- Forums and Piano Communities: Reddit, Piano World, and other forums often share links and tips for obtaining sheet music legally.

Purchasing Tips

- **Always verify the authenticity to ensure you're supporting the original creators.**
- **Check for arrangements suitable for your skill level?whether simplified versions for beginners or complex arrangements for advanced players.**

Types of Piano Sheet Music Available for "Impossible"

Official Arrangements

- Usually arranged by professional musicians.
- Feature accurate chords, melody lines, and sometimes lyrics.
- Suitable for those wanting a faithful rendition.

Simplified Versions

- Designed for beginners or intermediate players.
- Focus on the main melody with simplified chords.
- Usually omit complex embellishments.

Advanced Arrangements

- Incorporate intricate arpeggios, embellishments, and expressive techniques.
- Perfect for concert performances or advanced students.

Custom and Personal Arrangements

- Created by individual musicians to suit particular styles or skill levels.
- Can be found on platforms like MuseScore or through commissioned work.

How to Read and Play James Arthur's Impossible Piano Sheet Music

Understanding the Notation

- Key Signature: "Impossible" is primarily in a minor key, often A minor or related keys, depending on the arrangement.
- Chords and Progressions: Familiarity with chords like Am, F, C, G, Em will help in understanding the harmonic structure.
- Melody Line: Usually written in the treble clef, representing the vocal line.

Interpreting Dynamics and Expression

- The sheet music may include markings such as p (piano), mp (mezzo-piano), crescendo, and diminuendo.
- These markings guide the performer to convey the song's emotional nuances.

Playing Techniques to Enhance Performance

- Use of sustaining pedal to create a smooth, resonant sound.
- Dynamic control to emphasize the song's emotional peaks.
- Legato playing for seamless melody lines.

Tips for Learning and Performing "Impossible" on Piano

Breaking Down the Song

- Divide the piece into sections: intro, verses, chorus, bridge, and outro.
- Practice each section slowly, gradually increasing speed.

Focusing on Expression

- Listen to James Arthur's original and live performances to understand the song's emotional tone.

- Experiment with dynamics and pedaling to emulate the song's intimacy.

Incorporating Personal Style

- Once comfortable, add your own expressive elements.
- Consider improvising or adding embellishments to make the piece unique.

Using Supplementary Resources

- Video tutorials can provide visual guidance on technique.
- Metronomes help maintain consistent timing.
- Play along with backing tracks to develop timing and feel.

Legal and Ethical Considerations

Copyright Laws

- Ensure that the sheet music you purchase or download is authorized and legal.
- Respect intellectual property rights by avoiding illegal downloads.

Supporting Artists and Composers

- Buying official sheet music or subscribing to music services supports the creators.
- Consider purchasing from reputable sources to guarantee quality.

Conclusion

Playing "Impossible" by James Arthur on the piano offers a moving experience for both performer and listener. Whether you are seeking an official arrangement or a simplified version suitable for your skill level, access to accurate and well-organized James Arthur Impossible piano sheet music is fundamental. With patience, practice, and attention to detail, you can master this emotionally charged piece and deliver a heartfelt performance that resonates with your audience.

Remember to explore various arrangements, leverage online tutorials, and immerse yourself in the song's emotional core. With dedication, your rendition of "Impossible" can become a memorable and emotionally impactful interpretation, showcasing your musical talent and expressive ability.

Keywords: James Arthur Impossible piano sheet music, Impossible piano tutorial, free Impossible piano sheets, beginner Impossible piano arrangement, advanced Impossible piano score, how to play Impossible on piano, official Impossible sheet music, easy Impossible piano version

James Arthur Impossible Piano Sheet Music: An In-Depth Exploration

In the realm of contemporary piano arrangements, few pieces have garnered as much attention and admiration as James Arthur Impossible piano sheet music. Originally released as a heartfelt ballad by James Arthur in 2012, "Impossible" has since become a staple for pianists worldwide, inspiring a wealth of transcriptions, tutorials, and interpretive challenges. This article aims to dissect the origins, variations, technical considerations, and cultural significance of the sheet music for "Impossible," providing a comprehensive resource for musicians, educators, and enthusiasts alike.

The Origins and Cultural Impact of "Impossible"

Background of the Song

"Impossible" was penned by British singer James Arthur and the songwriters Daniel Davidsen and Amund Bjørklund. It was initially released as a single following Arthur's victory on The X Factor UK in 2012, rapidly ascending charts across multiple countries. The ballad's emotional depth, lyrical poignancy, and melodic simplicity contributed to its immediate resonance with audiences.

Why "Impossible" Became a Piano Favorite

While originally a pop ballad with accompaniment suitable for guitar or full band, "Impossible" possesses a melodic and harmonic structure that lends itself naturally to solo piano arrangements. Its straightforward chord progression, combined with Arthur's expressive vocal line, makes it an ideal candidate for solo piano interpretation. Over time, the song's accessibility and emotional weight have made it a popular choice for beginner and advanced pianists alike, inspiring a multitude of sheet music versions.

Varieties of "Impossible" Piano Sheet Music

The proliferation of "Impossible" sheet music reflects its enduring popularity and versatility. Arrangements vary across difficulty levels, notation styles, and interpretive approaches.

Official vs. Fan-Made Arrangements

- Official Sheet Music: Published by music publishers or licensing agencies, these transcriptions adhere closely to the original composition, often including detailed notation, dynamics, and

expressive markings.

- Fan-Made Transcriptions: Created by keyboard enthusiasts and musicians, these versions often focus on ease of play, personal interpretation, or advanced improvisation, sometimes incorporating embellishments or simplified chords.

Difficulty Levels and Suitability

- Beginner: Simplified arrangements focusing on basic chords and melodies, suitable for early-level pianists.

- Intermediate: Incorporates more nuanced chord voicings and dynamic markings, requiring greater hand coordination.

- Advanced: Transcriptions that include complex voicings, expressive techniques, and embellishments, aiming to emulate the emotional depth of the original.

Popular Formats and Notation Styles

- Standard Piano Sheet Music: Traditional notation with treble and bass clefs, suitable for reading and performance.

- Lead Sheets: Focus on melody and chord symbols, ideal for improvisation or accompaniment.

- Tutorial Videos and Interactive Tabs: Supplementary resources providing visual guidance and step-by-step instructions.

Analyzing the Musical Structure of "Impossible" for Piano

Understanding the harmonic and melodic framework is essential for both performers and arrangers.

Chord Progressions and Harmonic Content

The song predominantly revolves around simple, emotionally resonant chord progressions, often utilizing:

- I?V?vi?IV (e.g., C?G?Am?F)

- vi?IV?I?V (e.g., Am?F?C?G)

These progressions contribute to the song's poignant and memorable quality, making them accessible for pianists to memorize and interpret.

Melodic Line and Vocal Range

The vocal melody ascends and descends within a modest range, allowing pianists to emulate the lyrical expressiveness through dynamic control and phrasing. The melody's simplicity invites interpretive flexibility, encouraging personal emotional input.

Rhythmic and Expressive Elements

While the original recording features a slow ballad tempo with a steady, gentle rhythm, sheet music arrangements often include:

- Rubato markings for expressive flexibility
- Pedal indications to sustain emotional resonance
- Dynamic markings to highlight lyrical phrases

Technical Considerations for Performing "Impossible" on Piano

Performing "Impossible" authentically requires attention to technical detail and emotional nuance.

Hand Coordination and Voicing

- Smooth transition between chords
- Emphasis on melody notes within chords
- Use of pedal for sustaining and blending

Expressive Techniques

- Dynamic shading to convey emotion
- Phrasing and breathing-like pauses
- Use of legato and staccato where appropriate

Challenges for Pianists

- Maintaining evenness across slow passages
- Balancing the melody against accompaniment
- Incorporating subtle rubato without losing tempo

Where to Find and How to Use "Impossible" Piano Sheet Music

Sources for Sheet Music

- Official Publishers: Websites like Musicnotes, Sheet Music Plus, or Hal Leonard
- Online Communities: Piano forums, Reddit, and dedicated sheet music repositories
- YouTube Tutorials: For visual learners and step-by-step guidance

Tips for Practicing and Performing

- Start with simplified arrangements to grasp the core melody
- Gradually incorporate more complex embellishments
- Experiment with dynamics and pedal to evoke emotion
- Record practice sessions to analyze phrasing and expression

Cultural and Educational Significance

The proliferation of "Impossible" sheet music has contributed to various educational and cultural trends.

Educational Use

- It serves as an excellent piece for developing expressive playing
- Introduces students to chord voicing and phrasing
- Encourages interpretation beyond literal reproduction

Cultural Resonance

- The song's universal themes of love and heartbreak resonate across cultures
- Its adaptability for solo piano fosters cross-genre appreciation
- Cover performances and transcriptions continue to inspire new generations of pianists

Conclusion: The Enduring Appeal of "Impossible"

The journey of James Arthur Impossible piano sheet music from its origins as a pop ballad to a beloved piano arrangement exemplifies the transformative power of music. Its accessible harmonic structure, emotional depth, and lyrical simplicity make it a perennial favorite for pianists seeking to connect with listeners on a profound level. Whether approached as a beginner's project or an advanced interpretive challenge, "Impossible" remains a testament to the universal language of

music and its capacity to evoke heartfelt emotion.

As the repertoire continues to evolve, the sheet music for "Impossible" will undoubtedly remain a significant piece for both study and performance, inspiring pianists worldwide to explore their expressive potential and share their musical stories.

Question Where can I find the official piano sheet music for James Arthur's 'Impossible'?
Answer You can find the official piano sheet music for 'Impossible' on authorized music sheet websites like Musicnotes, Sheet Music Plus, or through official publisher sources related to James Arthur's releases. Is the 'Impossible' piano sheet music suitable for beginners? The difficulty of 'Impossible' piano sheet music varies depending on the arrangement. Many versions are suitable for intermediate players, but simplified or beginner arrangements are also available online. Are there free versions of 'Impossible' piano sheet music available? Yes, some websites offer free printable or downloadable versions of 'Impossible' sheet music, but ensure they are legally shared to respect copyright. Can I find a piano tutorial or playthrough for 'Impossible' to help learn the sheet music? Yes, many YouTube channels and music education platforms provide tutorials and playthrough videos that can help you learn the 'Impossible' piano arrangement. What key is 'Impossible' usually arranged in for piano sheet music? 'Impossible' is typically arranged in the key of E major or C minor, but arrangements may vary depending on the performer or publisher. Are there any popular cover versions of 'Impossible' that include sheet music for piano? Many artists and pianists have created cover versions of 'Impossible,' and some include sheet music in their video descriptions or on music sharing platforms, which can serve as useful resources. How can I learn to play 'Impossible' on piano using sheet music? Start by obtaining the sheet music, practice slowly, and break the piece into sections. Use tutorials or play along with recordings to improve your timing and accuracy.

Related keywords: James Arthur Impossible sheet music, Impossible piano tutorial, James Arthur Impossible chords, Impossible piano cover, James Arthur Impossible lyrics, Impossible piano notes, James Arthur Impossible piano arrangement, Impossible piano lesson, James Arthur Impossible music sheet, Impossible piano tabs

prescribed music 2014 schools

Prescribed music 2014 schools refer to the curriculum guidelines and mandated music programs implemented across various educational institutions in 2014. During that year, many schools worldwide focused on integrating structured music education into their academic offerings, emphasizing the importance of arts in fostering creativity, discipline, and cultural awareness among students. This article explores the significance of prescribed music in 2014 schools, highlights key

programs and initiatives, and discusses their impact on students and educators alike.

Understanding Prescribed Music in 2014 Schools

In 2014, many educational systems adopted prescribed music curricula to ensure a standardized approach to music education. These curricula aimed to provide students with foundational music knowledge, practical skills, and cultural appreciation. Prescribed music programs often came with specific guidelines on content, assessment, and teaching methodologies, designed to foster a comprehensive understanding of music in young learners.

What Is Prescribed Music?

Prescribed music refers to the officially mandated musical content and activities that schools are required to teach within their curriculum. This includes:

- Music theory and history
- Practical instrumental and vocal training
- Music appreciation and cultural studies
- Performance and composition exercises

In 2014, many education authorities emphasized a balanced approach combining theoretical knowledge with hands-on practice.

The Goals of Prescribed Music Programs

The primary objectives of prescribed music curricula in schools include:

- Developing students' musical skills and literacy
- Encouraging creativity and self-expression
- Promoting cultural awareness and diversity
- Enhancing cognitive and social skills through music engagement
- Fostering teamwork and discipline through ensemble participation

By setting standards and expectations, prescribed music programs aimed to elevate the quality of music education nationwide.

Key Features of Prescribed Music 2014 Schools

The 2014 mandated programs incorporated several core features that distinguished them from

previous years? initiatives. These elements contributed to the success and consistency of music education across various institutions.

Structured Curriculum Content

The curricula were carefully designed to include:

- Introduction to music theory and notation
- Historical perspectives on different musical genres and periods
- Practical skills in playing instruments and singing
- Knowledge of composers and influential musicians
- Music technology and recording techniques

This comprehensive approach aimed to produce well-rounded musical education.

Assessment and Evaluation

Assessment methods were standardized to measure students' progress effectively. These included:

- Performance exams
- Written theory tests
- Cultural and historical essays
- Participation in group performances and projects

Continuous assessment encouraged active participation and skill development.

Integration of Technology

In 2014, schools increasingly incorporated technology into their music programs. This included:

- Digital audio workstations for composition and recording
- Music learning apps and software
- Online resources for theory and listening exercises
- Virtual collaboration platforms for student projects

Technology enhanced engagement and provided students with modern tools to explore music creatively.

Prominent Prescribed Music Programs in 2014

Several regions and countries implemented notable prescribed music initiatives in 2014, each tailored to their cultural and educational contexts.

United Kingdom: The National Curriculum for Music

In 2014, UK schools followed the national curriculum that mandated music education from Key Stage 1 through Key Stage 4. Key features included:

- Focus on singing, listening, composing, and performing
- Exposure to both Western and world music traditions
- Assessment through practical and theoretical tasks

The curriculum aimed to produce confident performers and informed listeners.

United States: Common Core and State-Specific Guidelines

While the US did not have a unified national curriculum for music, many states adopted prescribed music standards aligned with the Common Core. Highlights included:

- Emphasis on integrating music into broader arts education
- Standards for music literacy and performance
- Inclusion of technology-based music projects

Schools aimed to foster both artistic skills and cultural understanding.

Australia: The Australian Curriculum ? The Arts

In 2014, Australian schools followed the national arts curriculum, which encompassed music as a key strand. Features included:

- Development of musical skills and understanding of cultural diversity
- Performance tasks, composition, and analysis
- Incorporation of Indigenous Australian music traditions

This holistic approach aimed to promote inclusivity and cultural awareness.

Impact of Prescribed Music 2014 Schools on Students and Educators

The structured approach to music education in 2014 brought numerous benefits and challenges.

Benefits for Students

Students experienced:

- Enhanced cognitive development, including improved memory and spatial reasoning
- Increased confidence through performance opportunities
- Greater cultural awareness and appreciation for diversity
- Teamwork and social skills developed through ensemble participation
- Creative expression and emotional intelligence fostered through composition and improvisation

Such comprehensive programs aimed to nurture well-rounded individuals.

Benefits for Educators

Teachers benefited from:

- Clear guidelines and standards for curriculum delivery
- Access to resources and teaching aids aligned with national standards
- Opportunities for professional development in music education
- Collaboration with fellow educators through music networks and communities

Consistency in curriculum delivery helped improve teaching quality and student outcomes.

Challenges Faced

Despite the positive impacts, some challenges included:

- Limited funding for music programs in certain regions
- Insufficient access to instruments and technology in underprivileged schools
- Balancing music education with academic priorities
- Training and retaining specialized music teachers
- Adapting curricula to diverse student needs and cultural backgrounds

Addressing these challenges was essential for maximizing the benefits of prescribed music

programs.

The Legacy of 2014 Prescribed Music Schools

The initiatives and standards established in 2014 played a pivotal role in shaping contemporary music education. They emphasized the importance of arts in holistic development and laid the groundwork for future curriculum enhancements. Many schools continue to build upon these programs, integrating new technologies and pedagogies to keep music education relevant and engaging.

Conclusion

The concept of **prescribed music 2014 schools** reflects a significant milestone in formal music education, characterized by structured curricula, standardized assessments, and a focus on cultural diversity. These programs have contributed to enriching students' educational experiences, fostering skills that extend beyond music into other areas of life. As educational systems evolve, the foundational principles established in 2014 continue to influence how schools approach arts education, ensuring that music remains a vital component of holistic learning environments. Whether through traditional instruments or digital platforms, prescribed music programs in 2014 set a powerful precedent for nurturing the next generation of musicians, performers, and culturally aware citizens.

Prescribed Music 2014 Schools: An In-Depth Analysis and Guide

In the landscape of secondary education, the implementation of prescribed music 2014 schools marked a significant shift in how music education was structured, delivered, and evaluated across various regions. This initiative aimed to standardize music curricula, enhance student engagement, and foster a deeper appreciation for musical arts within the school system. As educators, students, and parents navigated these changes, understanding the nuances of prescribed music programs introduced in 2014 became essential for maximizing educational outcomes and supporting student development.

Understanding the Prescribed Music 2014 Schools Initiative

Background and Rationale

The prescribed music 2014 schools program was introduced as part of broader educational reforms to:

- Ensure consistency in music curriculum content across schools.

- Promote a comprehensive understanding of music theory, history, and practical skills.
- Encourage active participation in musical activities and performances.
- Align secondary music education with international standards and best practices.

Prior to 2014, many schools followed varied curricula, leading to disparities in music education quality and student preparedness. The prescribed program sought to address these issues by establishing clear guidelines and learning objectives.

Core Objectives of the 2014 Program

- Curriculum Standardization: Offering a unified framework for music education.
- Skill Development: Focusing on both theoretical knowledge and practical musicianship.
- Cultural Appreciation: Introducing students to diverse musical genres and traditions.
- Assessment & Certification: Creating consistent evaluation criteria and pathways for certification.

Key Components of the Prescribed Music Curriculum

Theoretical Foundations

- Music theory basics: scales, chords, notation, rhythm.
- Music history: evolution of musical styles, influential composers, cultural contexts.
- Genres and styles: classical, jazz, folk, contemporary, world music.

Practical Skills

- Instrumental proficiency: piano, guitar, violin, wind instruments, etc.
- Vocal training and singing techniques.
- Ensemble participation: bands, choirs, orchestras.
- Composition and arrangement: creating original music.

Performance and Composition

- Regular live performances and recitals.
- Composition projects integrating learned theory and techniques.
- Recording and production basics.

Appreciation and Critical Listening

- Analyzing musical pieces.
- Developing an ear for different genres and styles.
- Understanding lyrics, themes, and cultural significance.

Implementation in Schools: How 2014 Schools Adapted

Curriculum Integration

Most schools incorporated the prescribed music curriculum into their academic timetable, often alongside other arts subjects. This integration involved:

- Dedicated music classes focused on the prescribed syllabus.
- Cross-disciplinary projects linking music with history, literature, or social studies.
- Extracurricular activities aligned with curriculum goals.

Teacher Training and Resources

To effectively deliver the prescribed music program, schools invested in:

- Professional development workshops for music teachers.
- Access to updated textbooks and digital learning tools.
- Partnerships with local music conservatories and cultural organizations.

Infrastructure and Facilities

- Upgrading music rooms with instruments and sound equipment.
- Establishing recording studios or multimedia labs.
- Creating performance spaces within school premises.

Impact of the Prescribed Music 2014 Schools Program

Educational Outcomes

- Improved student musical literacy and practical skills.

- Increased participation in school concerts, competitions, and community events.
- Higher levels of student achievement and confidence in music assessments.

Cultural and Social Benefits

- Broader exposure to diverse musical traditions fostered cultural awareness.
- Enhanced teamwork and collaboration through ensemble projects.
- Promotion of inclusivity, allowing students from different backgrounds to engage with music.

Challenges Encountered

While the program achieved many successes, some hurdles included:

- Resource limitations, especially in underfunded schools.
- Variability in teacher expertise and training.
- Balancing curriculum demands with other academic priorities.

Evaluating the Success and Areas for Improvement

Success Metrics

- Increased enrollment in music courses.
- Higher exam pass rates in music assessments.
- Positive feedback from students and parents regarding musical engagement.

Recommendations for Enhancement

- Continued investment in teacher training.
- Broader access to quality instruments and technology.
- Increased community involvement and partnerships.
- Incorporation of contemporary digital tools for music creation and learning.

Future Outlook for Prescribed Music Schools

Looking ahead, the prescribed music 2014 schools model serves as a foundation for evolving music education. Potential developments include:

- Integration of digital music production software.
- Greater emphasis on contemporary and popular music genres.
- Expanding performance opportunities through virtual platforms.
- Personalized learning paths to cater to diverse student interests.

The ongoing refinement of the curriculum and resources will help sustain its relevance and effectiveness.

Conclusion

The prescribed music 2014 schools initiative represents a pivotal step toward a more standardized, comprehensive, and engaging music education for secondary students. By blending theory, practice, and cultural appreciation, the program aims to nurture not only skilled musicians but also culturally aware and creative individuals. As schools continue to adapt and evolve their approaches, the core principles established in 2014 will serve as a guiding framework for future generations of learners and educators committed to the transformative power of music.

Additional Resources

- Links to updated curriculum documents and teaching guides.
- List of recommended textbooks and digital tools.
- Contact information for regional music education coordinators.
- Opportunities for student participation in music festivals and competitions.

In Summary

Understanding and effectively implementing the prescribed music 2014 schools curriculum requires a comprehensive approach that encompasses curriculum content, teacher training, infrastructure development, and community engagement. By fostering a rich musical environment, schools can inspire lifelong passion for music, cultural understanding, and creative expression among their students.

QuestionAnswer What is prescribed music in 2014 schools? Prescribed music refers to the specific music curriculum or repertoire that schools are required to teach or include in their programs during 2014, often set by education authorities or curriculum standards. How did the prescribed music syllabus change in 2014 schools compared to previous years? In 2014, many schools updated their prescribed music syllabus to include new genres, composers, and contemporary pieces, reflecting a shift towards more diverse and modern musical education. What are the benefits of following prescribed music in schools for students? Following prescribed music allows students to develop a solid foundation in music theory and history, fosters cultural awareness, and ensures

consistency in music education across different schools. Which organizations were responsible for setting the prescribed music curriculum in 2014 schools? Organizations such as the national or regional education departments, curriculum boards, and music education associations were responsible for establishing the prescribed music curriculum in 2014 schools. Were there any notable controversies or debates regarding prescribed music in 2014 schools? Yes, debates arose around the inclusion of contemporary or popular music in the prescribed syllabus, with some arguing it was essential for engagement, while others emphasized classical and traditional music to preserve cultural heritage. How can teachers effectively implement the prescribed music curriculum in 2014 schools? Teachers can effectively implement the curriculum by integrating diverse teaching methods, using multimedia resources, encouraging student participation, and aligning lessons with the prescribed standards and objectives.

Related keywords: prescribed music curriculum, 2014 school music guidelines, music education standards 2014, school music syllabus 2014, recommended music pieces 2014, classroom music teaching 2014, music lesson plans 2014, school music program requirements, prescribed music list 2014, music education policies 2014

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